



PROGRAM MATERIALS

Program #36151

May 8, 2026

Electronic Payment Fraud in Law Firms: Risk Identification, Internal Controls, and Ethical Safeguards

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**Electronic Payment Fraud
Prevention Best Practices**

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Justin Muscolino

Justin brings over 20 years of wide-arranging experience in compliance training and regulations. He previously led the compliance training function for JPMorgan Chase Macquarie Group, UBS, Bank of China, and GRC Solutions. Justin also runs his own compliance training company focusing on US & International regulations providing real-life training.

Justin also worked for FINRA, a US regulator, where he created Examiner University to train examiners on how to perform their function. He also serves as an advisor for the Global Compliance Institute (GCI) and instructs at the Barret School of Business and various compliance training providers.



Agenda

- Introduction to electronic payment fraud and its impact
- Common types of fraud targeting payment systems
- Identifying risk factors and system vulnerabilities
- Best practices for preventing electronic payment fraud
- Technologies and tools to detect fraudulent transactions
- Monitoring, response, and recovery strategies explained



Introduction to Electronic Payment Fraud

- Fraud involving unauthorized electronic payment transactions
- Increasing reliance on digital payment methods worldwide
- Significant financial losses for businesses and consumers
- Risks include financial loss and reputational damage
- Proactive prevention reduces fraud incidence effectively
- Overview of regulatory landscape affecting payments



Common Types of Payment Fraud

- Card-not-present fraud during online or phone payments
- Account takeover fraud through stolen credentials usage
- Phishing and social engineering to steal user info
- Transaction laundering disguising illegal payments as legitimate
- Identity theft including synthetic and real identities
- Insider fraud from employees manipulating transactions



Risk Factors and Vulnerabilities

- Weak or missing multi-factor authentication measures
- Use of insecure or outdated payment processing platforms
- Inadequate training causing employee mistakes and vulnerabilities
- Insufficient customer identity verification processes applied
- Fraud detection systems not updated regularly enough
- Risks introduced by third-party vendors and partners



Establishing Strong Authentication

- Implement multi-factor authentication to verify users
- Use biometric methods like fingerprint or facial recognition
- Apply device fingerprinting to identify trusted devices
- Behavioral biometrics monitor user activity patterns continuously
- Tokenize payment data to secure sensitive information
- Regularly review and update authentication protocols



Secure Payment Processing

- Employ encrypted gateways to protect payment transmissions
- Follow PCI DSS standards for payment data security
- Store payment data securely with strong encryption
- Validate transactions in real-time for suspicious activity
- Utilize end-to-end encryption from user to processor
- Conduct periodic security audits and vulnerability scans



Employee Training and Awareness

- Educate staff about various types of payment fraud
- Train employees to recognize phishing and social engineering
- Ensure secure handling and storage of customer data
- Establish protocols for reporting suspicious activities promptly
- Conduct regular refresher courses on security policies
- Foster a company culture emphasizing security awareness

Customer Verification Best Practices

- Implement strong Know Your Customer (KYC) processes
- Verify identity documents submitted by customers carefully
- Validate customer contact details including address and phone
- Monitor accounts continuously for unusual or suspicious activity
- Use biometric checks to confirm user identities securely
- Educate customers on protecting themselves from fraud risks



Leveraging Fraud Detection Technology

- Use AI and machine learning for fraud detection
- Employ rule-based systems to flag suspicious transactions
- Implement anomaly detection to identify unusual patterns
- Set up real-time alerts for high-risk activities
- Integrate detection tools with payment processing systems
- Update detection systems regularly to address new threats



Implementing Transaction Limits and Controls

- Set velocity limits to restrict transaction frequency
- Trigger alerts for transactions exceeding preset thresholds
- Monitor geo-location data for transactions in suspicious areas
- Blacklist accounts with repeated fraudulent behavior detected
- Whitelist trusted users to reduce false positive alerts
- Apply dynamic risk scoring to evaluate transaction risks



Third-Party Vendor Risk Management

- Perform due diligence on payment service providers
- Include security requirements in contracts with vendors
- Conduct regular security audits of third-party vendors
- Develop clear incident response plans with partners
- Agree on data privacy and sharing protocols explicitly
- Continuously monitor vendor activities for potential risks

Incident Response and Investigation

- Create dedicated fraud response teams within the organization
- Develop clear, step-by-step investigation and reporting procedures
- Collect and preserve evidence to support investigations effectively
- Coordinate with law enforcement for criminal fraud cases
- Notify affected customers following breach or fraud incidents
- Conduct post-incident reviews to improve future response



Legal and Regulatory Compliance

- Understand key laws like PCI DSS and GDPR requirements
- Meet mandatory breach reporting and compliance obligations timely
- Ensure customer data privacy through proper handling methods
- Provide regular compliance training to employees and management
- Maintain thorough audit trails for regulatory inspections
- Avoid penalties by following all applicable payment regulations



Use of Analytics for Fraud Trends

- Aggregate data across payment channels for better insight
- Identify emerging fraud patterns and trends over time
- Apply behavioral analytics to detect abnormal user actions
- Use feedback loops to update fraud prevention controls
- Create reporting dashboards for management decision-making
- Collaborate with industry groups to share fraud intelligence



Mobile Payment Fraud Prevention

- Secure mobile wallets and payment applications thoroughly
- Perform app integrity checks to detect tampering attempts
- Use biometrics and PINs to secure mobile payments
- Monitor in-app transactions for suspicious or unusual activity
- Enforce strong device security protocols on user phones
- Educate users on risks related to mobile payments

E-commerce Fraud Controls

- Use Address Verification Systems (AVS) to check addresses
- Require CVV and 3D Secure for payment authentication
- Conduct manual order reviews for high-risk or large orders
- Verify shipping addresses against customer billing information
- Flag suspicious orders for further fraud investigation promptly
- Manage chargebacks with clear policies and customer communication

Employee Fraud Prevention Measures

- Implement segregation of duties within payment processing roles
- Restrict employee access based on roles and necessity
- Monitor employee transactions for suspicious or unauthorized activity
- Establish whistleblower policies to encourage fraud reporting
- Perform thorough background checks before hiring employees
- Provide ongoing ethics and fraud awareness training regularly



Emerging Technologies in Fraud Prevention

- Explore blockchain for secure, transparent transaction records
- Use advanced AI to improve fraud detection accuracy
- Integrate biometric advances for stronger authentication methods
- Leverage behavioral analytics evolution to detect subtle anomalies
- Employ cloud-based solutions for scalable fraud prevention
- Participate in collaborative fraud intelligence sharing platforms



Building a Fraud Prevention Culture

- Gain leadership commitment to fraud prevention initiatives
- Communicate fraud policies clearly to all employees regularly
- Provide incentives to encourage compliance and vigilance
- Implement continuous education programs for staff and partners
- Promote open reporting and transparency without fear
- Regularly assess and improve fraud prevention program

Case Study: Vendor Email Compromise

- Scenario: A mid-sized manufacturing company received an email appearing to come from one of its long-term suppliers. The email requested that a large upcoming payment be redirected to a new bank account. The request appeared legitimate and included the supplier's usual invoice formatting.
- What Happened: The accounts payable team initially considered processing the payment. However, due to recently implemented verification procedures, they flagged the request for dual confirmation. A phone call to the supplier confirmed that the email was fraudulent—an external attacker had compromised the supplier's email system.
- Outcome:
 - The fraudulent payment was blocked, preventing a loss of \$250,000.
 - The incident prompted the company to strengthen email authentication protocols and train employees on recognizing phishing and vendor impersonation attacks.
 - Lessons Learned: Always verify changes in vendor banking details using a separate communication channel; dual approval processes are critical in preventing fraud.

Case Study: ACH Payment Fraud

- Scenario: A healthcare provider's payroll department processed ACH payments for staff salaries. An attacker gained access to the payroll system using stolen credentials and attempted to redirect three employees' salaries to external accounts.
- What Happened: The company had implemented an anomaly detection system that flagged unusual payment amounts and account changes. The payroll manager received an alert and immediately contacted the bank. The bank froze the fraudulent transfers before the funds left the organization.
- Outcome:
 - \$75,000 in fraudulent payments was prevented.
 - Investigation revealed a phishing attack that had compromised a single employee's login.
 - Additional security measures, including multi-factor authentication (MFA) for all payroll-related systems and mandatory cybersecurity awareness training, were introduced.



Case Study: Successful Fraud Prevention Program

- Company background and fraud-related challenges faced
- Description of fraud prevention solutions implemented
- Improvements in fraud detection and reduction metrics
- Lessons learned from implementing fraud control measures
- Positive business outcomes and customer trust gained
- Key factors contributing to program success highlighted



Summary and Best Practice Highlights

- Strong user authentication is essential for fraud prevention
- Regular employee and customer training reduces vulnerabilities
- Leverage technology to identify and block fraudulent transactions
- Timely monitoring and incident response mitigate losses quickly
- Manage third-party vendor risks carefully and continuously
- Develop a company culture focused on fraud awareness



Key Takeaways

- Fraud prevention needs a layered, multi-pronged approach
- Stay updated with emerging fraud tactics and trends
- Combine technology tools with human oversight effectively
- Invest continuously in training and awareness programs
- Prepare detailed plans for fraud incident response readiness
- Compliance and culture drive long-term fraud prevention success

THANK YOU

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